

IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A recombinant oncolytic adenoviral vector comprising in sequential order in the 5' to 3' direction: a left ITR, a packaging signal, a termination signal sequence isolated from its genetic source and not associated with an inserted transgene, inserted into the viral vector 5' to the E1A gene, an E2F responsive promoter operably linked to [[a]] the E1A gene essential for replication of the recombinant viral vector and a right ITR.

2. (Original) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 1, wherein the termination signal sequence is the SV40 early polyadenylation signal sequence.

3. (Original) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 1, wherein the E2F responsive promoter is the human E2F-1 promoter.

4. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 1, wherein the adenoviral nucleic acid backbone is derived from adenovirus serotype 5 (Ad5) or serotype 35 (Ad35).

5. (Original) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 1, wherein the gene essential for replication is the E1A gene.

6. (Original) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 1, further comprising a deletion upstream of the termination signal sequence.

7. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 6, comprising a deletion between nucleotides 103 and 551 of the adenoviral type 5 backbone or a deletion in nucleotides encoded by corresponding regions of other adenovirus serotypes.

8. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 1, wherein the adenoviral nucleic acid backbone comprises an E3 region comprising a mutation or deletion.

9. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 5, wherein the adenoviral nucleic acid backbone comprises an E4 region that is operably linked to a tissue-specific promoter.

10. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 9, wherein said tissue-specific promoter is a human telomerase reverse transcriptase promoter.

11. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 9, wherein said tissue-specific promoter is the Trtex promoter of SEQ ID NO:94 or the TERT promoter of SEQ ID NO:93.

12. (Canceled).

13. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 9, wherein said tissue-specific promoter is an osteocalcin promoter.

14. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 8, wherein the E3 region has been deleted from said backbone.

15. (Canceled).

16. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 1, wherein the adenoviral nucleic acid backbone comprises an E1b gene comprising a mutation or deletion.

17. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 16, wherein said mutation or deletion results in the loss of an active 19 kD protein expressed by the wild-type E1b gene.

18. (Currently Amended) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 1, further comprising a ~~coding sequence of interest~~ transgene.

19. (Currently Amended) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 18, wherein said ~~coding sequence of interest~~ transgene is inserted in the E3 region.

20. (Currently Amended) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 19, wherein said ~~coding sequence of interest~~ transgene is inserted in place of the 19 kD or 14.7 kD E3 gene.

21. (Currently Amended) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 18, wherein said ~~coding sequence of interest~~ transgene encodes an immunostimulatory protein.

22. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 21, wherein said immunostimulatory protein is a cytokine.

23. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 21, wherein the immunostimulatory protein is selected from the group consisting of GM-CSF, IL1, IL2, IL4, IL5, IFN α , IFN γ , TNF α , IL12, IL18, and flt3.

24. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 21, wherein said immunostimulatory protein is selected from the group consisting of MIP1 α , MIP3 α , CCR7 ligand, calreticulin, B7, CD28, MHC class I, MHC class II, and TAPs.

25. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 21, wherein said immunostimulatory protein is a tumor associated antigen.

26. (Original) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 25, wherein said tumor associated antigen is selected from the group consisting of MART-1, gp100(pmela-17), tyrosinase, tyrosinase-related protein 1, tyrosinase-related protein 2, a melanocyte-stimulating hormone receptor, MAGE1, MAGE 2, MAGE 3, MAGE 12, BAGE, GAGE,

NY-ESO-1, β -catenin, MUM-1, CDK-4, caspase 8, KIA 0205, HLA-A2R1701, α -fetoprotein, telomerase catalytic protein, G-250, MUC-1, carcinoembryonic protein, p53, Her2/neu, triosephosphate isomerase, CDC-27, and LDLR-FUT.

27. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 21, wherein said immunostimulatory protein is an antibody that blocks inhibitory signals.

28. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 27, wherein the inhibitory signal is due to expression of CTLA4.

29. (Currently Amended) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 18, wherein the ~~encoding sequence of interest~~ transgene encodes an anti-angiogenic protein.

30. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 29, wherein said anti-angiogenic protein is selected from the group consisting of a VEGF/VEGFR antagonist, an angiopoietin/Tie antagonist, an Ephrin/Eph antagonist, and an FGF/FGFR antagonist.

31. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 29, wherein said anti-angiogenic protein is an inhibitor of PDGF, TGF β , or IGF-1.

32. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 29, wherein said anti-angiogenic protein is a fragment of an extracellular matrix protein.

33. (Original) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 32, wherein said extracellular matrix protein is selected from the group consisting of angiostatin, endostatin, kininostatin, fibrinogen-E, thrombospondin, tumstatin, canstatin, and restin.

34. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 29, wherein the anti-angiogenic protein is a fragment of a TrpRS.

35. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 29, wherein the anti-angiogenic protein is selected from the group consisting of sFlt-1, sFlk, sNRP1, sTie-2, IP-10, PF-4, Gro-beta, IFN-gamma (Mig), sEphB4, sephrinB2, vasostatin, PEDF, prolactin fragment, proliferin-related protein, METH-1, and METH-2.

36. (Currently Amended) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 18, wherein said ~~coding sequence of interest~~ transgene encodes a protein that leads to cell death.

37. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 36, wherein said protein that leads to cell death is selected from the group consisting of CPG2, CA, CD cyt-450, dCK, HSV-TK, NR, PNP, TP, VZV-TK, and XGPRT.

38. (Original) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 1, wherein said recombinant viral vector is capable of selectively replicating in and lysing Rb-pathway defective cells.

39. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 38, wherein replication in Rb-pathway defective cells is at least about 3-fold greater as measured by E1A RNA levels in Rb-pathway defective cells vs. non-tumor cells.

40. (Currently Amended) A recombinant oncolytic adenoviral vector comprising an Ad5 nucleic acid backbone, wherein said backbone comprises in sequential order in the 5' to 3' direction: a left ITR, a termination signal sequence isolated from its genetic source and not associated with an inserted transgene, [[and]] inserted into the viral vector 5' to the E1A gene, a human E2F-1 promoter operably linked to the E1A gene, an adenoviral packaging signal and a right ITR.

41. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 40, further comprising a deletion between nucleotides 103 and 551 of the adenoviral backbone.

42. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 40, wherein the adenoviral nucleic acid backbone comprises an E1b gene comprising a mutation or deletion, wherein said mutation or deletion results in the loss of an active 19 kD protein expressed by the wild-type E1b gene.

43. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 40, wherein the adenoviral nucleic acid backbone comprises an E4 region that is operably linked to a tissue-specific promoter.

44. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 43, wherein said tissue-specific promoter is a human telomerase reverse transcriptase promoter.

45. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 43, wherein said tissue-specific promoter is a Trtex promoter.

46. (Canceled).

47. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 43, wherein said tissue-specific promoter is an osteocalcin promoter.

48. (Previously Presented) An adenoviral vector particle comprising the viral vector of Claim 1.

49. (Original) The adenoviral vector particle of Claim 48, further comprising a targeting ligand included in a capsid protein of said particle.

50. (Original) The particle of Claim 49, wherein said capsid protein is a fiber protein.

51. (Original) The particle of Claim 50, wherein said ligand is in the HI loop of said fiber protein.

52-57. (Canceled).

58. (Original) The vector of Claim 1, wherein said backbone comprises a gene of the E3 coding region.

59. (Previously Presented) The vector of Claim 58, wherein said gene is selected from the group consisting of an E3-6.7, KDa, gp19KDa, 11.6 KDa (ADP), 10.4 KDa (RID α), 14.5 Kda (RID β), and an E3-14.7Kda protein.

60-62. (Canceled).

63. (Previously Presented) The recombinant viral vector of Claim 2, wherein the gene essential for replication is the E1A gene.

64-83. (Canceled).